

OFFICIALS AT WASHINGTON SEE SIGNS OF SETTLEMENT BUT CONTINUE WAR PLANS

Spanish Minister Riano Announces He Has Received Authentic Word That Huerta is Willing to Treat With United States Through Mediators From South American Republics—Americans Being Safely Removed From City of Mexico and Vera Cruz.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Though official circles here yesterday saw some hope for an early settlement of the difficulties in Mexico through the announcement that President Huerta has accepted the offers of Argentine, Brazil and Chile for mediation, nevertheless preparation for war went on unslackened.

Spanish Minister Riano made the announcement that he had received private advices that Huerta had agreed to mediation. Though the information was unofficial, he said, the information was accepted by him as authentic. He expects to place Huerta's formal acceptance before the representatives of the South American republics to-day.

These peace envoys conferred yesterday regarding the Mexican crisis and means of effecting a settlement of the differences. They urged representatives of other South American countries to use their good offices in aiding them through their embassies to the City of Mexico.

Secretary of State Bryan received word that through the British embassy at Washington, President Huerta and Admiral Fletcher had arranged for the departure of all Americans from the City of Mexico.

At Vera Cruz Admiral Badger posted notices instructing all Americans to leave that city. It was also reported that thirty Americans, including Consul Gaston Schmutz were imprisoned in a smelter at Afacahiente.

AMBULANCES SENT INTO MEXICO AFTER AMERICAN REFUGEES MOBBED BY ANGRY MEXICANS

EAGLE PASS, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Two ambulances sent from here to Musquiz to rescue American refugees were mobbed in the streets of Piedras Negras. Flags were torn from the cars and trampled into the ground and the drivers ordered to drive back to the United States. It is feared that the entire American colony has been killed or imprisoned.

ADMIRAL FLETCHER PROCLAIMS MARTIAL LAW AS GOVERNMENT FOR CITY AND PORT OF VERA CRUZ

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Rear-Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, in command of the American warships lying off this port and the sailor and marines forces on land which are holding the city and environs to maintain control of the customs house, railway terminals and waterfront, yesterday proclaimed martial law as the government of the city. The entire city is being policed by American sailors and marines. The Mexican city government has been inoperative for several days.

CARRANZA REFUSES TO DISCUSS OFFERS MADE BY SOUTHERN REPUBLICS FOR MEDIATION

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—General Carranza, directing head of the Constitutionalist party, received a message yesterday advising him of the offers of mediation made by Argentina, Brazil and Chile but refused to discuss the question.

Carranza admitted, however, that he is expecting a statement from President Wilson dealing with the note sent by Carranza to the President of the United States commenting on the occupation of Vera Cruz by Americans and in which Carranza deplored the American act.

Hundreds of telegrams were received yesterday by Carranza from all parts of Mexico congratulating him on the tenor of his note. Considerable correspondence has passed between confidential agents of Wilson and Carranza the contents of which indicate friendship between the two.

TWO OR THREE AMERICANS ARE REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN KILLED BY MOBS IN MEXICAN CAPITAL

GALVESTON, Texas, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Cable communication with the City of Mexico was re-established last night after a silence of three days. Dispatches from there indicate that there has been no general outbreak in the Mexican capital against Americans but reports received here from other sources are that two or three Americans have been killed in the city through lawlessness of individuals during anti-American demonstrations by mobs. The names of the killed could not be ascertained.

AVIATOR SCOUTS REPORT THAT SEVERAL BRIDGES ON RAILROAD LINE TO CITY OF MEXICO ARE BURNING

WASHINGTON, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—According to cable advices received late yesterday by the navy department from Rear-Admiral Frank F. Fletcher, in command of the navy forces at Vera Cruz, naval aviators flying around Vera Cruz yesterday reported several bridges on the railroad from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico as burning. The destruction of the bridges would seriously cripple rail communication between the capital and the American refugee base at Vera Cruz.

MISSOURIAN'S CAPTAIN DOESN'T FEAR MEXICANS

The American Hawaiian steamship Missouriian, in charge of "Grandpa" Lyons, arrived at Kahului Wednesday morning to load sugar for the Delaware Breakwater, via Salina Cruz, Mexico, and the Tehuantepec Railway. Captain Lyons states that he does not anticipate any trouble with the Mexicans, and that if his ship should be the object of an attack he feels competent to handle any number of the enemy with the assistance of a double-barreled shotgun.—Maui Times.

THE FORTY YEAR TEST.

An article must have exceptional merit to survive for a period of forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was first offered to the public in 1872. From a small beginning it has grown in favor and popularity until it has attained a world wide reputation. You will find nothing better for a cough or cold. Try it and you will understand why it is a favorite after a period of more than forty years. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy not only gives relief—it cures. For sale by all dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

IMMIGRANTS COST TERRITORY HIGH

Figures for Nine Years Show That for Every Man Brought Here \$766.90 Was Paid.

From a study made recently, by certain authorities, of the results of European-assisted immigration into this Territory, to ascertain the financial aspect of the enterprise, it is now stated that 17,359 of these immigrants were brought here from 1905 to 1914. The known expense, to the Territory, of bringing 15,912 of these immigrants was, according to the Governor's report of June 30, 1913, \$1,236,957.48. The following is the tabulation of European immigration arrivals and European immigration departures for the nine years and three months ending March 31, 1914. The tables are for men, women and children combined, the men constituting one-third of the total number in each instance:

Years	Departures	Arrivals
1905-9	4832	7122
1910	1706	1626
1911	1911	1724
1912	1447	3945
1913	2085	2879
1914 (first quarter)	352	63

Total 11,083 17,359

The increase of arrivals over departures for the little more than nine years will be seen to be 6276 men, women and children, an increase per year of 678 to the population of the Territory. On the basis that one-third of the immigrants are adult males, the gain to the Territory per year was 226 men.

The relative cost to the Territory for bringing in each adult male here from Europe, has been, therefore, \$766.90. The women and children are not figured in this.

It seems to be, said an official yesterday, that the Territory has been paying a rather steep figure for bringing in European assisted immigration, and the returns do not seem, to me, to be adequate for the work accomplished.

"The Territory has spent about a million and a quarter in the last nine years in bringing in these people. California has profited by it, for to her shores have gone the bulk of the white immigrants brought to Hawaii. It seems to me that a close study of the situation will show that something is radically wrong somewhere and that the system should be adjusted in such a manner as to bring a just measure of compensation to the Territory for the time and money spent."

OBSCURS OVER DOCTOR'S BILL; ENDS HIS LIFE

Melancholia, superinduced by worry over a doctor's bill, is believed to have been the cause for the suicide of Tanaka Kamefuro, a Japanese truck driver, who, after struggling himself from the joint in his bar at Rancho some time last Monday. The body was discovered by his wife about seven o'clock the same evening and the police were notified. As the cause of death was self-evident, an inquest was considered unnecessary.

His wife told the authorities that he had been owing a physician for medical care and attendance for the last month, and that the doctor had called on him demanding payment of the due previous. Tanaka told her Monday that he was going downtown to make the payment, and departed. She did not see him from early morning until the moment she found his body hanging from the rafters in the lane at the rear of the house. He had been in partnership with another Japanese in the truck-driving business, but had suffered some business reverses and was in straitened circumstances.—Hawaii Herald.

Striking Miners Make Attack on Guards and Kill Four—Claim Truce Is Broken.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—It is expected that President Wilson will order federal troops into the Colorado strike zone today.

War Is Again Resumed.

DENVER, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—Guards stationed at the Chandler mine at Canon City were compelled to flee yesterday before an attacking mob of strikers who occupied the mine, dynamited the tipples and burned the buildings. Four of the guards were killed and twelve are missing.

War has been resumed between the militia and the strikers, the State officials, including Governor Ammons, asserting that the striking miners broke the terms of their truce called into yesterday by assaults on mines at Trinidad and the Chandler mine.

Mother Jones addressed a huge mass meeting, urging the men to keep cool and do nothing unlawful.

Three employees of the steel mill at Pueblo were shot by strikers. The national guard is again assembling in the strike zone.

JAPANESE CELEBRATE LAUNCHING OF SAMPAN

On Friday last the big new sampan, which has been under construction on the beach near the Claudine wharf, was launched, amid great festivities on the part of the local Japanese, a large number of whom are shareholders in the new vessel. The boat was gaily decorated with Japanese flags and bunting, and sake and rice cakes were in evidence both at the water-side and in the camp. The new vessel will be added to the fishing fleet, which now uses Kahului harbor as a rendezvous.—Maui Times.

LOCAL FIRM IS GIVEN BIG CONTRACT

Honolulu Planning Mill Company to Erect Structural Part of Big Government Coaling Dock at Pearl Harbor—Will Give Employment to Large Number of Skilled Mechanics.

(From Monday Advertiser.)

John Lucas, president and manager of the Honolulu Planning Mill Company, received advices from the navy department at Washington Saturday stating that his firm had been awarded the contract for the building of the structural work on the big government coaling plant now under construction at Pearl Harbor. The bid of the Honolulu Planning Mill Company was \$24,860, the lowest among several local and mainland contracting firms.

The contract let to the Honolulu Planning Mill Company calls for the construction of the superstructure of the coaling plant only. The material will be furnished by the government.

Considerable satisfaction was expressed in business circles Saturday when it was known that a local firm had secured this contract as it means that the two hundred or more skilled and unskilled mechanics who will be engaged on the structure will be drawn from the ranks of the labor market here.

Largest Plant in United States. The coaling plant at Pearl Harbor, when completed, will be the largest of its kind in the United States and will compare favorably with the great coaling station erected in Gibraltar by the British Government. It was stated that the local plant, though not quite as large as that at Gibraltar, will have many improvements and innovations in the building of war vessels that, when completed, will make it the finest coaling plant in the world.

For the past six months the Navy Department has been engaged on the preliminary work. An enormous basin has been constructed at Pearl Harbor in which the coal will be stored immersed in salt water. This basin has a capacity for 300,000 tons of coal.

To form an idea of the magnitude of this basin it can be stated that it will take fifty colliers with a capacity of 5000 tons each, which is about the average carrying capacity of vessels engaged in the transportation of coal for the Navy, to fill the cavity. Concrete walls, sixteen feet high surrounding the basin, are being completed and will be finished when the first shipment of structural iron arrives for the Honolulu Planning Mill Company's contract.

Concrete Pier Is Completed.

One hundred and fifty yards from this basin a concrete pier has been completed capable of docking the largest vessels afloat. On this pier there is a depth of sixty feet of water. The Honolulu Planning Mill contract calls for the building of an aerial railway, with electric hoists and dumping gear similar to that now in use by the Inter-Island Steamship Company in Honolulu, but on a much larger scale. The plans call for the equipment of a plant in which vessels bringing coal here will be discharged of their cargoes with great dispatch, while war vessels will be equally as swiftly loaded with bunker coal. The idea of keeping the coal immersed in salt water has been found by all naval experts to give better results from the fuel and keeps it from deteriorating.

32,000 Tons of Structural Steel. Mr. Lucas stated last night that the structural iron, girders and columns necessary for the construction of the enormous plant would aggregate 32,000 tons. Eight months is the specified time for the completion of the contract after the arrival of the first consignment of material. Advices have been received here that a steamship, chartered steamer with a full complement, consisting of 5000 tons of material, would shortly leave the Atlantic seaboard for Honolulu. Other shipments will follow as vessels are secured to convey the material here.

A fair idea of the magnitude of the superstructure work on the plant can be formed from the fact that the local firm will use 400,000 rivets in the construction work. Orders have been placed with a San Francisco firm by the Honolulu Planning Mill Company for several batteries of compressed air riveters to be used on the job.

Will Employ Local Labor.

Mr. Lucas expressed himself last night as not fearing any trouble in securing all the skilled and unskilled labor here necessary to complete the contract. The cost of the material to be used for the aerial railway bunkers and superstructures will aggregate \$250,000. A rough estimate of the cost of the concrete basin and dock is \$350,000.

The scale of wages for the labor at present employed on this plant ranges from two dollars and fifty cents to six dollars a day.

The scale of wages on the Honolulu Planning Mill Company's contract will be in conformity with the local union rate.

The will of the late Mrs. J. W. Kalua was admitted to probate by Judge William L. Whitney, sitting in place of Judge Selden B. Kingsbury, who was disqualified, on Saturday at Wailuku, Maui. Attorney Clarence W. Ashford, representing the contestants to the will, noted an appeal to a jury.

JUDGE ROBINSON HONORED BY TAFT

Receives Invitation from Former President to Join American Bar Association.

(From Sunday Advertiser.)

William H. Taft, former President of the United States, and now a professor in Yale University, has not forgotten the pleasant relations which existed between the Territory of Hawaii and the White House when he was the Chief Executive of the Nation, and at least one of the men who today exercise official duties in Hawaii has been remembered by "Big Brother Bill," as President Wilson's predecessor was and is familiarly called.

The accompanying letter, addressed to Judge Robinson, was in charge of one of the three divisions of the local first circuit court, was received yesterday. Judge Robinson is invited through it to become a member of the American Bar Association, an honor not given to many, it might be said in passing.

Accepts Invitation.

Judge Robinson yesterday wrote the ex-President that he was only too glad of availing himself of the opportunity, and that he accepted the invitation, it being stated also that Judge Robinson, although his commission expired some time ago, was appointed for his third term in office as one of the circuit judges of Hawaii by former President Taft. The letter, which is dated New Haven, Connecticut, March 30, 1914, is as follows:

"Honorable William J. Robinson, Honolulu, Hawaii:

"My Dear Judge:—Mr. Elhu Root, I understand, recently sent you a copy of the brilliant address upon law and order delivered last fall by Lord Hailsham (Charles Arthur Hailsham, Earl of Hailsham) before the American Bar Association. The association is most anxious that you should be of its membership, and that, if possible, you should attend this year's meeting on October 20, 21 and 22, in Washington, and there meet Mr. Root, Chief Justice Elphinstone, of Canada, and Minister Nason, of the Argentine Republic, all of whom are to deliver addresses, I believe. I can assure you that if you once attend you will earnestly strive to be present at all subsequent meetings. They are full of profit and pleasure. Besides, we want you with us. There is no invitation (as the dues of five dollars, payable later, will carry your membership to 1915).

Formed Judicial Section.

"I ought to say that last year the association formed a judicial section, limited to members who are either federal or state appellate court judges, and to which a great many judges have already attached themselves. One of the features of the next meeting is to be formalization with the members of the supreme court of the United States and a manifestation of our respect to the court.

"May I as a personal favor ask your very kind and prompt consideration of the subject, in the hope that you will afford me the pleasure of proposing you for membership? If you consent, kindly advise me at once of the year of your admission to the Bar.

"Sincerely yours,

"WILLIAM H. TAFT."

Hawaii Supervisor Narrowly Escapes Jail But Finally Secures New Sureties.

Supervisor John A. Kealoa escaped jail by a narrow squeak last Tuesday, says the Hawaii Herald. Special Prosecutor R. W. Brockton advised Sheriff Pua that he would be held the \$2500 bond on one of the four indictments recently returned against him on forgery charges, by a certain hour Tuesday morning.

Brockton left on the Mauna Kea for Honolulu Monday afternoon, but before his departure it was learned Kealoa had been to him with a request for further time in which to obtain the surety. It appeared the supervisor's bondmen in the former cases were loath to stand good a second time. But the story goes that Brockton smiled and held his ground, insisting that unless Kealoa found bondmen Tuesday morning the jail yawns, grim and ghastly, before him. Kealoa found the bondsmen and they were accepted. They are David Kalani, Z. S. Paaluhui and A. M. Cabrinha.

Kealoa was arraigned before Circuit Judge Parsons Wednesday morning, entering a plea of not guilty to all four indictments. No date has been set for trial and it is thought none of them will be undertaken in court until the case in which the prosecution obtained a conviction against the supervisor has been disposed of by the supreme court in Honolulu.

Temblors Come In Quick Succession—No Damage Is Reported.

(From Sunday Advertiser.)

Two earthquake shocks a few seconds apart were recorded in all parts of the city and environs last night at 6:43 o'clock. The first shock was light, very much like the vibration from a heavy blast. The second shake a few seconds later was short and quick also but heavier than the first. Telephone reports to The Advertiser revealed that the earth-tremor was distinctly felt in all parts of the city as well as the adjoining country districts. So far as known no damage was done.

PHILADELPHIA, April 27.—(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)—George F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, who was stricken with paralysis on Friday, died at his home here yesterday. He was surrounded by the members of his family, but never regained consciousness.

STARTS MOVE FOR LARGE WAR FUND

Major-General Keim of Germany Predicts Early Clash with France and Russia.

(By Associated Press Correspondence.)

BERLIN, April 12.—Major General Keim, president of the German Army League, has started an agitation for another billion marks (\$100,000,000) for army purposes, without which, he declares, the safety of the country against the expected French and Russian attack cannot be guaranteed. This demand is in addition to the measure passed only last year, voting an extraordinary war tax of \$330,000,000, the first installment of which has yet to be collected.

Speaking before the branch of the Army League at Essen, incidentally the seat of the Krupp Works, General Keim made a bitter attack on Count von Hertling, premier of Bavaria, who declared recently that the burden of armament taxation had reached its limit and that further war taxes must be demanded for years to come. General Keim, who referred to the premier as "that man," declared von Hertling needed to study political economy to learn that Germany, whose resources were greater than those of France, could afford to make as liberal sacrifices. He characterized von Hertling's remarks as unconstitutional and impertinent, and said they would have evoked immediate protest from Berlin in the days of Bismarck.

Opponents Are Stronger.

"The truth is," continued General Keim, "that we are not as strong as our possible opponents. We must make ourselves much stronger than we are. Only when we are strongly entrenched, can we rob our enemies of the courage to attack us from East and West and crush us as in a vise. Is it not better for us to offer up another billion and ensure peace? Otherwise, if we do nothing to strengthen our military power, in the approaching war we shall be the victims and the slaughterers of the Germans and the French (French by the Germans and the French by the Germans). France will take from us Alsace-Lorraine; Russia, East and West Prussia; and we shall have to pay an eventual war tribute of at least thirty billions."

This speech, with the recent article by Gen. von Bernhardi of the same nature, pointing out alleged grave deficiencies in the country's military forces, leaves no doubt that the Army League, which by its agitation paved the way for last year's armament measure, is planning a new campaign. It offers same explanation for the recent article in the Cologne Gazette, whose St. Petersburg correspondent declared that Russia was preparing to attack Germany in 1917—a declaration which caused considerable embarrassment to German and Russian diplomacy, which has been busy for weeks with mutual denials of any provocative intent.

Alliance Would Be Discourteous.

The refusal of Germany in 1905 to enter into an alliance with France and Russia was due to a feeling that such an alliance would be "a discourtesy to England and to our English cousins," according to Count Witte of Russia, who will be remembered in the United States for the prominent part he played in negotiating the Treaty of Portsmouth.

At the time of the proposed alliance of Germany with France and Russia, he says, according to the Tagliche Rundschau, King Edward VII of England was being desperately for the friendship of Russia, but Russia preferred Germany as a third member of the planned alliance. Count Witte received at Paris an invitation from King Edward to call on him. He learned that the King's purpose was to discuss an alliance of Great Britain with Russia, and declined the invitation. The next day he proceeded to Rome.

Count Witte was at that time armed with full authority to negotiate an alliance between Russia, Germany and France, according to the Tagliche Rundschau a correspondent who quotes him as follows:

Proposal Was Not New.

"My proposal was not new to Emperor William II. Some years earlier I had laid before his majesty a well worked out plan of this nature during his visit in St. Petersburg, based upon the standpoint that only a firm alliance between Russia, Germany and France, not directed against England, or at least, only in an extreme case, could make certain the peace of Europe for a considerable period. I realized perfectly well that the Franco-English Morocco treaty of 1904 was the first step in the isolation of Germany which Edward VII so greatly desired. I was also as well acquainted with the proposals of alliance which the British King had caused to be made to us in 1905, and with the correspondence in the same matter between Lord Lansdowne and the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, Sir Charles Hardinge. Nevertheless I returned to St. Petersburg, not without hopes for my plan, and I cherished these hopes until the play behind the scenes at Algeira in 1906 put an end to them."

"This 'play behind the scenes,' joined with Germany's unwillingness to offend Great Britain, is alleged to have driven Russia into Great Britain's arms in 1907, after Ivoloski, a Germanophile had become Russia's minister of foreign affairs."

DREDGING AT KAHULUI PROGRESSING RAPIDLY

The work of dredging the Kahului harbor is going ahead rapidly. The big suction dredger is now working over the various berths provided for deep water vessels, and the depth of water at those points will be materially increased. The suction type of dredger seems to be very satisfactory where hard rock is not encountered.—Maui Times.

BIG HAWAIIAN DELEGATION FOR COAST

Island Courts of Ancient Order of Foresters Will Make Good Showing at Convention of Subsidary High Court at San Francisco—Elaborate Plans Are Being Made for Entertainment.

(From Monday Advertiser.)

Starting tomorrow on the steamer Manoa, there will during the next week or so be a heira of Hawaiians for San Francisco to attend the biennial convention of the Subsidary High Court of the Pacific Coast, held organization of the Ancient Order of Foresters, in the states bordering the Pacific Ocean and in Hawaii.

The convention will open May 12 and continue at least three days. Delegates from several hundred courts will gather in enclaves to transact work of the order and to elect new high officers. Following the convention of the Foresters, there will be a convention of the Companions of the Forest, an organization allied to the Foresters and consisting of several hundred circles whose members are women.

List of Hawaiian Delegates.

The Hawaiian delegates to the convention of the Foresters are as follows: Hypolito Pereira and Ezekiel J. Rego representing Court Camoes, No. 8117, of Honolulu; Charles H. Rose and James K. Kanika for Court Lunalilo, No. 6600, of Honolulu; William H. Beers and Bertrand F. Schoen representing Court Mauna Kea, No. 8854, of Hilo; John E. Garcia for Court Valley Island, No. 9239, of Wailuku, Maui.

The delegates who will attend the convention of the Companions of the Forest will be as follows: For Camoes Circle, No. 240, of Honolulu, Gaspar Silva, Mrs. Gaspar Silva and Hypolito Pereira; while Miss Olympia M. Osorio and Bertrand F. Schoen will represent Mauna Kea Circle, No. 252 of Hilo, Hawaii.

This will be the first time that Court Lunalilo will be represented at a convention of the Subsidary High Court, Lunalilo having formerly been under the jurisdiction of the High Court of the World, but recently became affiliated with the Pacific jurisdiction.

Leave in Three Parties.

The delegates will leave Honolulu for San Francisco in three parties. Charles H. Rose, deputy sheriff of Honolulu; James K. Kanika, clerk in the Honolulu postoffice; Hypolito Pereira, of the Hawaiian Gazette Company; Ezekiel J. Rego, of the Audit Company of Hawaii; and John E. Garcia, clerk of the county sheriff of Maui at Wailuku, leave tomorrow morning by the steamer Manoa.

Gaspar Silva, of H. Hickfield & Company, and Mrs. Gaspar Silva will leave on May 2 by the steamer Monogolia.

Miss Olympia M. Osorio, William H. Beers, county attorney of Hawaii, and Bertrand F. Schoen, a kamaaina business man of Hilo, will pass through Honolulu on the steamer Matsonia, due to leave here for San Francisco on May 6.

On arrival at San Francisco the Island delegates will be met by many former Hawaiians who will attach themselves to the party unofficially, notably among these being Carl H. Nipper of Kaimuki, who is now visiting the Coast city.

Falconer to Entertain Islanders.

John Falconer, the veteran permanent secretary of the Subsidary High Court, will have charge of and entertain the Hawaiian party during the stay of the delegates in California. Much is always made of the local delegates, who, in turn, pull off a number of stunts peculiar to the Islands, which appeal to the California idea of novelty. County Attorney W. H. Beers of Hilo, and Deputy Sheriff Charles H. Rose of Honolulu will undoubtedly be passed off as real native chiefs. Rego will be introduced as the man who invented the adding machine; Pereira as the owner of the biggest printing establishment in Hawaii; Garcia the leading banker of Maui; Kanika and Silva as millionaire ranchers; Schoen as a wealthy sugar planter and so on. The delegates expect to be away from the Islands about two months.

NEW LAVA TUBE IS FOUND AT 29 MILES

Harry C. Dunn, chauffeur for the Volcano House, and Ben Meincke discovered another double lava tube or tunnel at Twenty-nine Miles one day last week. While they were exploring the first tube with the aid of lanterns Dunn suddenly stepped off into space, falling about twelve feet and sustaining some severe bruises. Meincke, who was following, nearly walked into the same aperture, but succeeded in checking himself sufficiently to keep from falling on Dunn. They found here another tube on the lower level, apparently leading away underground for several hundred feet. Because of Dunn's injuries they did not attempt further exploration, and after Meincke had assisted him up to the higher level they came away. Demonstrations were expected to organize a party a few days later for a thorough exploration of the eye. The new tunnel is just opposite Gustav Kretschmar's strawberry patch on the Shipman lands.—Hawaii Herald.